# Sex differences in (the prognosis of) DM (patients)

#### **Bendix Carstensen**

Steno Diabetes Center & Department of Biostatistics, University of Copenhagen bxc@steno.dk http://BendixCarstensen.com

**SDC research & development seminar** SDC, February 2014

#### **Overview**

- Boys and girls / men and women
- Diabetes in men and women
- Mortality in diabetic men and women



Date of birth



#### **Mortality patterns**

 $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys

#### **Mortality patterns**

- $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
- $\blacktriangleright$  After age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years

#### **Mortality patterns**

- $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
- $\blacktriangleright$  After age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
- RR<sub>M vs. W</sub> = 1.55 corresponding to 4.7 years age difference









Date of inclusion





# Film!









<sup>10/23</sup> 



<sup>10/23</sup> 































#### Annual trend in population rates

% change per year	Men	Women
Diabetes incidence	+3.8	+4.0
Population mortality	-2.8	-2.5
DM ptt. mortality	-4.0	-3.8
DM SMR rel to pop	-1.2	-1.3

Sources of change in DM prevalence:

Sources of change in DM prevalence:

► Increasing incidence since 1995

Sources of change in DM prevalence:

- ► Increasing incidence since 1995
- Decreasing mortality since 1995

Sources of change in DM prevalence:

- ► Increasing incidence since 1995
- Decreasing mortality since 1995
- Imbalance between mortality and incidence in 1995



#### **SDC** patients

Results from:

 Improved survival among patients with complicated type 2 diabetes in Denmark: A prospective study (2002-2010).

Færch K, Carstensen B, Almdal TP, Jørgensen ME.

J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2014 Jan 31; (Epub ahead of print)

Time trends in mortality rates in type 1 diabetes from 2002 to 2011.

Jørgensen ME, Almdal TP, Carstensen B.

Diabetologia. 2013 Nov;56(11):2401-4.

#### Causes of death in T1 SDC patients





T1D (SDC): Lines: Nefropathy status

Mortality change -6.6% -4.8%

SMR change -4.3% -2.6%

SMR decreases

#### Causes of death in T2 SDC patients





T2D (SDC): Lines: Nefropathy status

Mortality change -5.5% -3.3%

SMR change -3.0% -1.4%

SMR depends on **age at diagnosis** not on current age!



T2D (SDC): Lines: Mortality / SMR Mortality change -5.5% -3.3%

SMR change -3.0% - 1.4%

SMR depends on age at diagnosis not on current age!

About men and women:

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - $\blacktriangleright$  after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - $\blacktriangleright$  after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
  - $RR_{Mvs.W} = 1.55$  corresponding to 4.7 years age difference

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - $\blacktriangleright$  after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
  - $RR_{Mvs.W} = 1.55$  corresponding to 4.7 years age difference
- About DM in men and women:

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - $\blacktriangleright$  after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
  - $RR_{Mvs.W} = 1.55$  corresponding to 4.7 years age difference
- About DM in men and women:
  - More frequent in men (incidence) (DM register definition)

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - ▶ after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
  - ► RR<sub>Mvs.W</sub> = 1.55 corresponding to 4.7 years age difference
- About DM in men and women:
  - More frequent in men (incidence) (DM register definition)
  - More cases among men (prevalence)

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - ▶ after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
  - $\operatorname{RR}_{Mvs.W} = 1.55$  corresponding to 4.7 years age difference
- About DM in men and women:
  - More frequent in men (incidence) (DM register definition)
  - More cases among men (prevalence)
  - Higher mortality among DM men

- About men and women:
  - $\blacktriangleright~51.4\%$  of newborns are boys
  - ▶ after age 40, mortality doubles every 7.4 years
  - $\operatorname{RR}_{Mvs.W} = 1.55$  corresponding to 4.7 years age difference
- About DM in men and women:
  - More frequent in men (incidence) (DM register definition)
  - More cases among men (prevalence)
  - Higher mortality among DM men
  - Identical SMR in men and women

Better for women than for men

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration
- ▶ for T2D men also other causes

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration
- ▶ for T2D men also other causes
- ▶ SMR decreases by (current) age

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration
- ▶ for T2D men also other causes
- ▶ SMR decreases by (current) age
- ▶ for T2D men only by age at diagnosis

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration
- ▶ for T2D men also other causes
- ▶ SMR decreases by (current) age
- ▶ for T2D men only by age at diagnosis

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration
- for T2D men also other causes
- ▶ SMR decreases by (current) age
- ▶ for T2D men only by age at diagnosis

Men fare worse than women...

- Better for women than for men
- Mortality decreases over time primarily CVD mortality
- Only CVD mortality increase by DM duration
- ▶ for T2D men also other causes
- ▶ SMR decreases by (current) age
- ▶ for T2D men only by age at diagnosis

Men fare worse than women...

but as a group relative to the population, they fare like women